



2727 COWORKING / RESEARCH & PRACTICAL GUIDANCE

Shopify Payments Canada Business Address: Quebec Guide

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In this article

1. Executive Summary
 2. Introduction and Background
 3. The Address Roles: A Field-by-Field Matrix
 4. Choose the Entity Path Before Choosing the Address
 5. What a Contract or Mailbox Actually Proves
 6. Prepare Identity and Address Evidence Separately
 7. Implement Changes and Resolve Mismatches
 8. Data Analysis and Evidence
 9. Case Studies and Real-World Examples
 10. Implications and Future Directions
 11. Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)
 12. Conclusion
-

Executive Summary

For a Quebec seller, **Shopify Payments Canada business address** means an address used to verify the legal business, alongside separate information about the individual representing it. Canada's requirements call for a physical Canadian business address and registry-matched information for registered businesses. The current general setup guide also expressly excludes **P.O. boxes and private mailboxes**, a restriction that deserves attention before purchasing an address service. (help.shopify.com)

The decision starts with legal structure. Quebec distinguishes the domicile of an incorporated business, its head office, from a sole proprietor's domicile, their home. Its professional-address category concerns the person's main workplace. These distinctions explain why replacing every address with a commercial mailing location is unreliable. (www.quebec.ca) A corporation also exists separately from its owners, so company documentation and the representative's personal evidence answer different questions. (educaloi.qc.ca) The recommended workflow separates **Payments business details, personal residence, store contact details, Shopify billing, and returns**. Shopify explicitly maintains store and billing addresses independently. (help.shopify.com)

Street formatting does not establish occupancy. The UPS Store's Canadian mailbox instructions use a street address with a private-mailbox designation. (www.theupsstore.ca) Conversely, an authentic workspace arrangement need not be a lease: Regus expressly distinguishes its contracts from leases and tenancies. (www.regus.com) A seller should establish what the particular agreement grants, where activities occur, and which supporting document Shopify requests. The Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) separately defines a physical business address by day-to-day activities, rather than correspondence delivery. (www.canada.ca)

Document preparation should distinguish account-holder identity, residence, business records, and timing. Hydro-Quebec bills distinguish service details from correspondence details, while the Societe de l'assurance automobile du Quebec (SAAQ) instructs drivers to retain address-change confirmation with their licence until renewal. (hydroquebec.com) (saaq.gouv.qc.ca) Quebec registry updates generally have a **30-day** deadline after a change; that deadline is separate from Shopify's document requirements. (www.quebec.ca) Customer

visibility also needs its own review: Quebec's consumer-protection office requires online merchants to disclose their establishment's geographic address before purchase. (www.opc.gouv.qc.ca) The practical outcome is a documented, field-specific question to Shopify before subscribing or submitting evidence. This report does not establish acceptance of any particular address plan.

Introduction and Background

An online retailer may need an address for correspondence, a location from which to work, a place customers can contact, and information for payment verification. These needs overlap, but their purposes differ. The CRA's own guidance distinguishes **physical, mailing, and books-and-records addresses**, demonstrating why an address usable for correspondence is not automatically the right answer elsewhere. (www.canada.ca)

For Quebec founders, legal structure adds another distinction. Educaloi explains that a sole proprietor and the business are the same person, whereas a corporation exists separately from the people who own and operate it. (educaloi.qc.ca) Buying a commercial address does not itself answer whether the seller should follow an individual, registered sole-proprietor, or corporate onboarding path. That decision should follow the seller's actual records and circumstances.

This report examines the address decision as of **October 2026**, using official platform documentation, government guidance, document issuers' instructions, and narrowly relevant service-provider descriptions. Provider descriptions establish what those providers say their services supply. They do not establish acceptance by Shopify. Legal-information resources supply context, while official sources support the legal requirements discussed below.

The analysis also separates **private verification** from **customer disclosure**. Quebec's consumer-protection guidance requires relevant merchant contact information before a distance contract; entering information privately in a payment account does not resolve what the consumer must receive. (www.opc.gouv.qc.ca) The statutory requirements for distance contracts should be reviewed separately from a store theme's display settings. (www.legisquebec.gouv.qc.ca)

The publisher, 2727coworking.com, is a direct provider in the workspace and business-address category. Its address-service agreement therefore appears in the contract comparison as an option requiring assessment. No current publisher plan price, service entitlement, forwarding arrangement, parcel policy, or executed customer agreement is established here. The purchasing checklist identifies the terms to obtain before a commitment.

The Address Roles: A Field-by-Field Matrix

The useful starting point is an **address inventory**. Write down each role before editing the account. A single address may legitimately fill several roles, but each use needs its own justification. Quebec's register itself distinguishes domicile, professional address, and establishment, rather than treating them as equivalent. (www.quebec.ca)

Table 1 maps the platform roles to the evidence and visibility questions a seller should resolve.

Address role and setting	Entered value	Who can see it	Matching record	Evidence category	Question for Shopify
Payments business details, associated with the business entity	Actual legal-business information appropriate to the selected entity	The business name, business phone number, and business address may appear on customers' credit-card statements, depending on their financial institution. (Shopify Canada FAQ)	Applicable official business record	Requested business-verification document. (help.shopify.com)	Which registry address and document apply to this entity?
Owner or representative's residence	The person's genuine home address	Shopify says owners' and directors' personal information, such as names and home addresses, is not publicly shown. (Shopify Canada FAQ)	Personal identification and residential records	Requested identity and residential evidence. (help.shopify.com)	Does the submitted evidence establish the person's current residence?
Store contact details, under Settings > General	Appropriate physical or customer-facing business contact address	Customers can view it on store and policy pages. (help.shopify.com)	Store disclosures and applicable consumer obligations	Accurate disclosure, rather than a substitute Payments document	Where does this configuration display or reuse the address?
Shopify billing address	Address appropriate for the merchant's Shopify bills	Shopify billing context and issued bills. (help.shopify.com)	Billing information	Billing-record accuracy	Will this correction affect future bills, and does it leave Payments unchanged?
Return-shipping address	Operational destination for returned goods	Shipping labels and any merchant-published instructions	Fulfillment and carrier arrangements	Authority and capacity to receive those returns; confirm the fulfillment workflow. (help.shopify.com)	Which location supplies the label address in this workflow?

These roles need independent evidence and configuration checks. The Shopify native return-label guide concerns U.S. domestic orders; Canadian merchants should verify their carrier or app workflow independently.

The matrix deliberately avoids promising that personal verification fields are invisible in every integration.

Audit the actual storefront, policy pages, invoices, notification templates, apps, and labels. Record where an address appears and which setting supplied it. A merchant should verify the result in the configurations customers actually use.

Customer disclosure is also a substantive requirement. Quebec's Consumer Protection Act requires prescribed information before a distance contract and defines the merchant's address with an exclusion for post office boxes. A seller should obtain legal advice where the proposed public address does not clearly fit the business's

circumstances. (www.legisquebec.gouv.qc.ca) A private identity field and a lawful customer contact address are separate design decisions. The consumer-protection office describes the relevant public location as the establishment's geographic address. (www.opc.gouv.qc.ca)

Choose the Entity Path Before Choosing the Address

A one-minute decision tree

Use the following sequence before purchasing an address plan:

- **Identify registration status.** Shopify's Canada guide distinguishes unregistered individuals from registered sole proprietors and companies. Select the path supported by the actual registration record. (help.shopify.com)
- **Check the business name.** Quebec generally requires sole proprietors using a name without their first and last names to register. Other mandatory-registration categories can also apply. (www.quebec.ca)
- **Separate the person from the company.** An incorporated company's records do not replace the representative's personal evidence. Corporate separateness is the relevant starting point. (educaloi.qc.ca)
- **Inspect the registry entry.** The Quebec enterprise register can be searched free of charge using the Quebec enterprise number, or **NEQ**, the enterprise name, or a related search term. (www.quebec.ca)
- **Identify actual activities.** Describe where management, administration, fulfillment, or other work occurs. The CRA's physical-address guidance focuses on day-to-day activities. (www.canada.ca)

For an unregistered home-based seller, the first question is whether that status accurately describes the business. For a registered sole proprietor, distinguish the owner's identity, the registered business information, and any separately declared professional address. For an incorporated business, distinguish the company's address from the representative's home. This classification exercise should precede a formatting exercise.

Registry matches are necessary evidence, not universal permission

Quebec's terminology matters. A legal person's domicile is its head office; a sole proprietor's domicile is their home. A professional address identifies a person's principal workplace, while an establishment identifies a place where the enterprise conducts activities. (www.quebec.ca) These are useful definitions when reading the record. They should not be converted into an assumption that any address appearing somewhere in the register satisfies every Shopify field.

Privacy options also have conditions. Quebec permits a professional address to be declared so that a natural person's home address is not published, but the professional address must meet the applicable definition and cannot be a post office box. (www.quebec.ca) The reader should determine which address category is being changed, rather than merely aiming to display a different location.

For a federally incorporated seller, **Corporations Canada** separately publishes corporate information, including the registered office and directors' addresses. Its guidance permits an appropriate director's address for service, subject to its conditions. (ised-isde.canada.ca) That disclosure mechanism does not answer a payment provider's residential-verification request.

When the registry, contract, and actual operations describe different places, document the distinction honestly. Ask the relevant authority which record should change. A lawyer or notary can advise on the correct legal structure and registered-address treatment; Educaloï explicitly directs readers to professional advice for their particular situation. (educaloi.qc.ca)

What a Contract or Mailbox Actually Proves

An address agreement should be read for the **right it grants**. Is it authority to receive mail, access to workspace, occupation of identified premises, or a combination? Is the customer named as the individual or the corporation? Does the agreement identify the same unit that appears in the registration record?

Canada Post defines a civic address as delivery information and separately documents Postal Box formats. A street line therefore needs interpretation in context. (www.canadapost-postescanada.ca) The UPS Store provides a concrete Canadian example: a mailbox can use a street address while retaining a **PMB**, meaning private mailbox, designation. (www.theupsstore.ca)

Table 2 compares evidence types. It is a contract-reading framework, rather than an acceptance ranking.

Arrangement	What the evidence can establish	What requires separate evidence	Pre-subscription question
Real workspace lease with actual occupation	Named parties, identified premises, term, and contractual occupancy rights, to the extent expressly granted	Actual activities, current registry information, and the document category requested by Shopify	Does Shopify want this contract, a government record, or other evidence?
Occupied workspace under a licence or service agreement	Contractual access or use rights stated in the executed agreement	Whether those rights and actual use establish the address role being verified. Contract labels vary. (www.regus.com)	How should the workspace arrangement be described and documented?
2727 address-service agreement, assessed individually	Only the rights established by the seller's current executed agreement	Occupancy, actual operations, residential identity, and platform acceptance	Is this exact agreement acceptable for this exact Payments field?
Street-format private mailbox	Mail-receiving arrangements and the address format supplied by the provider	Physical business operations and satisfaction of Payments requirements. The provider's format remains a mailbox format. (www.theupsstore.ca)	Is the plan a private mailbox under Shopify's general rule?
Canada Post Postal Box	Mail delivery to a locked compartment in a post office	A physical operating location and a person's home. (www.canadapost-postescanada.ca)	Which permitted correspondence role, if any, is intended?

Canada Post describes Postal Boxes as mail-receiving compartments and its convenience option as an address apart from the primary address. (www.canadapost-postescanada.ca) Regus, meanwhile, explicitly says its contracts are not leases or tenancies. (www.regus.com) Together these examples show why contract labels and address appearance cannot replace examination of the actual arrangement.

Before subscribing, request written answers on:

- **Contracting party:** the exact individual or corporate legal name.
- **Premises:** the street, unit, and any mailbox identifier.
- **Workspace rights:** whether access is included, optional, limited, or absent.
- **Mail handling:** collection, storage, notification, and forwarding terms.
- **Parcels and returns:** acceptance, exclusions, size limits, and collection duties.
- **Termination:** what happens to mail and address use when service ends.

For a proposed 2727 plan, specifically ask whether **mail forwarding and parcels are excluded under the current agreement**. This is an item to verify, not a service entitlement established by this report. Keep returns planning separate until the receiving party has expressly agreed to the operational use.

Acceptance elsewhere supplies no shortcut. Canada Post's own residency-document policy includes a private post-office-box rental agreement. (www.canadapost-postescanada.ca) Shopify's current general Payments instructions exclude private mailboxes. (help.shopify.com) The two organizations are answering different questions under different procedures.

Prepare Identity and Address Evidence Separately

A useful evidence folder separates **the person, their residence, the legal business, and the address arrangement**. First identify the subject of the request.

For business verification, Shopify lists government documents, federal Corporate Profile Reports, partnership registration documents or agreements, and CRA assessment or reassessment notices dated within **12 months**. Documents must show the legal entity name and business address. (help.shopify.com)

For Canadian Shopify Payments, residential proof must show the person's name and home address. The Canada guide lists utility bills within **12 months**, and bank or investment statements within **six months**, among accepted categories. An identity document cannot also be reused as the address document. (help.shopify.com)

Read the document, not just its filename

A utility PDF can contain several locations. Hydro-Quebec identifies the account holder and distinguishes the correspondence address from the service address and contract information. (hydroquebec.com) A document addressed to a commercial mailbox may therefore need closer reading before it is presented as evidence of residence.

Download the full document where available. Hydro-Quebec allows bills to be downloaded as PDF files, while its older summaries contain selected billing information. (www.hydroquebec.com) The practical recommendation is to inspect the actual PDF for the required name, address, date, and completeness rather than treating a dashboard screen as equivalent evidence.

RBC similarly explains that electronic documents are online versions of paper records, available in PDF format and capable of being saved or printed. (www.rbcroyalbank.com) Those instructions explain document retrieval. They do not mean every downloaded statement establishes the residential address requested by Shopify.

Inspect what the particular statement actually displays.

After a home move, check personal records as well as business records. The SAAQ requires an address update and instructs drivers to retain the confirmation with their licence until renewal, or follow its sticker procedure where applicable. (saaq.gouv.qc.ca) Ask Shopify how to present any combination of an older licence and newer address confirmation. The SAAQ instruction itself is not a Shopify document-acceptance decision.

Assemble a targeted evidence folder

Prepare the following items for comparison before uploading anything:

- **Request text:** the exact person or business Shopify identifies.
- **Legal name:** the complete name on the relevant official record.
- **Registry extract:** the current entry and its status.
- **Registration identifier:** the NEQ or other applicable identifier.
- **Residential evidence:** a document showing the person's genuine home.
- **Document date:** a visible issue date appropriate to the requested category.
- **Address agreement:** the executed contract and its precise permissions.
- **Operations note:** a factual description of where activities occur.

This is an analyst's preparation checklist, not a substitute for the platform's document menu. Store sensitive records securely and submit them through the workflow Shopify specifies.

American Express requires a separate check

Shopify's American Express guidance requires a physical street address where the business operates or the person lives. It excludes private mailboxes and mail-holding or forwarding arrangements for the relevant payment-account addresses. (help.shopify.com) The decision should therefore identify the exact field and payment-method configuration involved.

Do not describe this solely as an American Express exception: Shopify's broader setup page independently excludes P.O. boxes and private mailboxes. Its additional restriction on unoccupied virtual addresses and coworking locations concerns U.S. businesses seeking **Shopify Balance or Credit**. Identify the product, country, and address role before applying a restriction. (help.shopify.com)

Implement Changes and Resolve Mismatches

Start with the **source record**. Quebec's free register search provides names, addresses, status, and related information. (www.quebec.ca) Preserve the record date and compare it with the date a change became effective. The CRA's written change process expressly requests an effective date. (www.canada.ca) A current address in an internal spreadsheet does not show that an official filing has been processed.

Use this mismatch checklist:

- **Legal name:** compare complete spelling, accents, punctuation, and corporate suffix.
- **NEQ:** compare the number belonging to the actual registered person or entity.

- **Street and unit:** preserve the assigned unit and official street name.
- **Address category:** distinguish domicile, establishment, professional address, and correspondence.
- **Owner residence:** confirm the person's real current home.
- **Document date:** compare issue date with the requested freshness limit.
- **Status:** identify pending updates, processed changes, and current registration status.
- **Contract scope:** distinguish receiving mail from occupying workspace.

Postal formatting can help detect discrepancies without deciding eligibility. Canada Post treats an assigned unit as integral to the address, describes permitted unit placement, and uses the municipality's official street name. (www.canadapost-postescanada.ca) Its separate Postal Box format can also include a civic street line. (www.canadapost-postescanada.ca) Do not relabel a mailbox number as an occupied suite to make records look aligned. The CRA's physical-location test separately concerns actual activities. (www.canada.ca)

Correct the appropriate government records through their own processes. Quebec generally requires a current updating declaration after a change and provides a corrective route for inaccurate earlier information. (www.quebec.ca) Revenu Quebec separately requires address notification and, for registered businesses, an enterprise-register update. (www.revenuquebec.ca) The CRA likewise distinguishes the types of address being changed and requests an effective date for written changes. (www.canada.ca)

For Shopify, the current configuration guide places business-details editing under **Settings > General > Business Details**. (help.shopify.com) Treat an ordinary address correction separately from replacing a legal entity. For a substantial change of ownership or structure, confirm the required process with Support before proceeding.

A pre-subscription support message

The following template is a proposed inquiry, not an example of a decision already issued:

Subject: Canada Payments address evidence for a Quebec business

- **Business status:** The merchant is a [registered sole proprietor / corporation / unregistered individual] operating in Quebec. The relevant registration identifier is [identifier, where applicable]. The proposed field is [exact field label], and the current registry address is [address and record date].
- **Proposed arrangement:** The proposed arrangement is [mail-receiving service / occupied workspace under a service agreement / lease with occupation]. The agreement grants [specific rights]. Actual business activities occur at [location]. It [does / does not] provide workspace access and [does / does not] permit parcels or forwarding.
- **Requested decision:** Please confirm which address belongs in this field and which document category is required. Does the proposed arrangement meet the current private-mailbox and physical-address rules? Are additional American Express requirements relevant to this account? If the agreement is insufficient, what alternative evidence or factual arrangement is required?

Attach or submit sensitive evidence only through the channel Shopify directs. Retain the response with the request details. Revisit the question if the plan, operations, entity, or field changes.

For customer-facing disclosures, separately review the establishment address and presentation requirements in Quebec's distance-contract guidance. (www.opc.gouv.qc.ca) A support answer about verification should not be treated as legal advice on consumer disclosures.

Data Analysis and Evidence

The useful quantitative evidence here concerns **document age and administrative timing**, rather than market size or approval rates. No acceptance percentage for a particular virtual-address plan was established in this research. A claim that an arrangement is commonly accepted would therefore overstate the evidence.

Table 3 separates the clocks that can otherwise be confused during an address change.

Evidence or process	Published interval	Interpretation
Shopify Canadian residential utility bill	Within the last 12 months	A document-age limit for that category. (help.shopify.com)
Shopify Canadian residential bank or investment statement	Within the last six months	A document-age limit, not a bank download window. (help.shopify.com)
Quebec current updating declaration	Generally 30 days following a change	A registry-update obligation. (www.quebec.ca)
Quebec sole proprietor required to register under the business-name rule	Within 60 days of starting activities	A registration deadline, subject to the applicable rules. (www.quebec.ca)
Federal corporation's registered-office address change	Notify the statutory Director within 15 days	A federal corporate filing obligation. (laws-lois.justice.gc.ca)
Revenu Quebec address-change notice	Up to 180 days in advance	Advance-notification availability. (www.revenuquebec.ca)
SAAQ residential address update	Within 30 days of moving	A separate personal-record obligation. (saaq.gouv.qc.ca)
Hydro-Quebec online bills	Kept for two years	Availability for retrieval. (www.hydroquebec.com)
RBC electronic documents received online	Stored for up to seven years	Availability for retrieval. (www.rbcroyalbank.com)

The intervals belong to their issuing organizations and apply to the specific processes listed. They do not form a common verification timetable.

These intervals measure different things. An old statement can remain downloadable while falling outside a payment platform's age requirement. Likewise, a permissible advance address notice does not mean a move has already occurred or that all other records have changed.

The research method also distinguishes **source authority from acceptance evidence**. A bank explains its documents; a postal operator explains delivery; government bodies explain their records; Shopify determines its account requirements. Agreement across these sources on an address string cannot prove that every institution accepts the same address role.

The federal office rule applies to federal corporations, not automatically every Quebec-incorporated company. Its statutory requirement places the registered office in the province specified in the articles. (laws-lois.justice.gc.ca) The correct filing calendar therefore follows the entity's actual incorporation and registration framework.

Case Studies and Real-World Examples

Home-based sole proprietor (Hypothetical Example)

A Montreal seller operates from home and uses a business name requiring registration. Quebec's name-based registration rule determines the first records to inspect. (www.quebec.ca) The seller should compare the applicable registry entry, personal residence, and customer disclosures, rather than assume that renting a mailing address changes all three.

The utility bill may contain both correspondence and service details, so the seller checks which address the PDF establishes. (hydroquebec.com) The verification question is: **Which record and residential document should support this entity and person?**

Quebec corporation considering a mailbox (Hypothetical Example)

A corporation wants mail collected at a commercial street address. The seller asks whether the arrangement remains a private mailbox and what the agreement actually grants. The UPS Store's Canadian address format illustrates why a street address can still identify a PMB. (www.theupsstore.ca)

Corporate separateness also means the director's personal evidence remains a different subject from the company's records. (educaloi.qc.ca) The verification question is: **Does the proposed address meet the applicable Payments field requirements, and what acceptable alternative is needed if it does not?**

Private-office occupant (Hypothetical Example)

A founder genuinely works from an office under a service agreement. Regus's published distinction between its contracts and leases illustrates why the contract title alone cannot classify the arrangement. (www.regus.com) The founder gathers the executed agreement, actual-use information, and relevant government records.

If federally incorporated, the founder also checks the registered-office filing requirements and public corporate information. (laws-lois.justice.gc.ca) (ised-isde.canada.ca) The verification question is: **Which evidence demonstrates this occupied location for the precise field Shopify is reviewing?**

Implications and Future Directions

The central purchasing implication is **verify purpose before subscribing**. A mailbox can be useful for correspondence while remaining unsuitable for a payment-verification field. Canada Post's own distinction between a primary address and an additional mail-receiving address provides a straightforward operational example. (www.canadapost-postescanada.ca)

Privacy should be designed across the business, rather than pursued through a single account edit. Quebec offers a conditional professional-address mechanism for natural persons in the enterprise register. (www.quebec.ca) Federal corporate disclosure rules separately address publicly available company information and directors' addresses. (ised-isde.canada.ca) Neither mechanism eliminates the need to answer each institution's actual question.

Customer-facing privacy has a further boundary. Quebec's consumer guidance calls for the establishment's geographic address, and the statute prescribes address disclosure before a distance contract. (www.opc.gouv.qc.ca) (www.legisquebec.gouv.qc.ca) A seller who wants to avoid publishing a home address should obtain advice on an arrangement that fits both the business's facts and the applicable disclosure requirements.

Future changes should be managed as **record maintenance**. Keep a list of each address role, its source document, responsible account, and last review. Update Revenu Quebec and relevant registrations through their respective processes rather than relying on mail forwarding. (www.revenuquebec.ca) Keep the CRA's physical, mailing, and records locations distinct when they differ. (www.canada.ca)

For the publisher's category of services, the useful contribution is a precise agreement and clear description of permissions. The customer's decision should follow the executed terms and Shopify's current requirements. A historical support response about another seller, plan, or payment method should not replace that analysis.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

Can a home address be the right address?

A home-based operation should be assessed according to its actual facts. Quebec defines a sole proprietor's domicile as the home address, while the CRA defines the physical business address by day-to-day activities. (www.quebec.ca) (www.canada.ca) Keep the residence, business record, and public-disclosure decisions distinct.

Can a virtual office be used for Shopify Payments Canada?

The label alone does not decide. Identify whether it is a private mailbox, an occupied workspace, or another arrangement. Shopify's general setup rules exclude private mailboxes, so a commercial street format does not resolve that issue. (help.shopify.com) Present the exact agreement and actual use to Support.

Does changing billing fix Payments verification?

Treat these as separate tasks. Shopify documents independent maintenance of store and billing addresses; changing a billing record does not establish that a Payments evidence request has been resolved. (help.shopify.com) Follow the request associated with the business or person being verified.

Does a return address solve the verification problem?

A return destination concerns receiving goods and the relevant fulfillment workflow. Canada Post's mail-receiving products illustrate that delivery arrangements have their own purposes. (www.canadapost-postescanada.ca) Confirm carrier and receiving-party permissions separately, then address Payments

verification on its own evidence.

What if the licence still shows the old home address?

Check the SAAQ's update process and retain the required confirmation with the licence. (saaq.gouv.qc.ca) Ask Shopify which current residential document it wants; possession of a confirmation does not itself establish that Shopify accepts that document combination.

Conclusion

The address decision should begin with **the business's actual legal status and operations**. A sole proprietorship and a corporation have different relationships to their owners, which explains why company records and personal identity cannot be treated as interchangeable. (educaloi.qc.ca)

Build an inventory covering business verification, residence, store contact information, billing, and returns. Then identify the record and document supporting each role. Preserve the distinction between delivery and activity: the CRA's physical-address definition concerns where day-to-day business occurs. (www.canada.ca)

Before purchasing an address service, obtain the exact agreement, describe how the location will actually be used, and submit a field-specific question to Shopify. Do the same for a genuinely occupied office if the requested evidence is unclear. Keep the resulting answer tied to the facts supplied.

Finally, maintain the official records and customer disclosures independently. Quebec's register is available for checking the current information, while the consumer-protection office identifies the geographic-address information required before online purchases. (www.quebec.ca) (www.opc.gouv.qc.ca) The defensible outcome is a consistent evidence trail and an informed verification request, with acceptance determined for the particular account.

Source links

Links cited in this article, in order of first appearance. Full addresses are provided for readers using extracted text.

1. <https://help.shopify.com/en/manual/payments/shopify-payments/supported-countries/canada/requirements>
2. <https://www.quebec.ca/en/businesses-and-self-employed-workers/find-information-about-enterprise/search-enterprise-register/description-information-file>
3. <https://educaloi.qc.ca/en/capsules/business-corporations-companies>
4. <https://help.shopify.com/en/manual/your-account/manage-billing/paying-your-bills/managing-payments/billing-address>
5. <https://www.theupsstore.ca/customer-service/faqs>
6. <https://www.regus.com/en/ca/virtual-offices>
7. <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/businesses/topics/business-registration/maintain-business/change-address.html>
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THE PUBLISHER

About 2727 Coworking

2727 Coworking is a Montreal workspace and business-address provider. We serve people who need a place to focus, meet, run a small business or establish a professional mailing presence. Our website offers English and French information about workspace options and services, alongside educational resources for operating a business in Canada.

A workspace that fits the day

Our workspace options include private offices, day passes and desks, and a conference room. These formats help individuals and teams compare a dedicated office with more flexible ways to work or hold a meeting. Prospective members can explore the virtual tour, review current pricing and book a visit before choosing a workspace.

Business addresses and mail

2727 Coworking provides business-address and virtual-mailbox services. Our resources explain the documents and practical questions involved, including guidance for people outside Canada. Service eligibility, included features, availability and access arrangements should be confirmed on the applicable service page or with our team.

Resources for Canadian small businesses

We publish guides, research and planning tools about workspace decisions, business addresses and starting a business in Canada. Our incorporation research includes information for people inside Canada and abroad, with jurisdiction-specific material to help readers identify the next questions to investigate. These educational resources complement our workspace and address services; they are not individualized legal, tax or immigration advice.

Visit or contact 2727 Coworking

Explore [private offices](#), [day passes and desks](#), [the conference room](#), [business addresses](#) and [virtual mailboxes](#). [Book a visit or contact the team](#) to discuss your needs.

A business address alone does not establish tax residence, immigration status, banking approval or eligibility for a government program.

Website: <https://2727coworking.com>

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